

Abstract

Conducting a research on the phonetic appropriateness aims at finding out the relationship between the various linguistic levels (phonetic, lexical, structural and semantic) through the observation of grammatical issues in the Arabic language which may sometimes seem either ambiguous, or contradictory. The research is also an attempt to discover the main bases and concepts used by grammarians in order to interpret the most important linguistic phenomena and the grammatical justifications of different discourse structures. In fact they hypothesised taking into consideration the phonetic and semantic appropriateness in interpreting many grammatical issues which has been considered as problematic by researchers since due to the fact that sound is the first nucleus and that meaning is among the most important language concerns.

This has led me to think about the following problematic:

Can we consider that all those different bases, fundamentals and justifications start from considering phonetic and semantic appropriateness in discourse? Is it possible to rely on this appropriateness in interpreting Arabic grammatical issues? I have followed a descriptive analytical methodology. However I have sometimes relied on justification using the context of situation theory. I have also compared and tried to find the relationship between ancient and modern points of view in explaining a linguistic phenomena.

Taking into consideration phonetic appropriateness solves many grammatical analysis problems related to the change of the final grammatical symbols (al harakat) or a structural change in some other situations. This is the case of phonetic appropriateness in the Koranic rhyme, the differences in recitation, and the poetic rhyme. Besides, semantic appropriateness with the meaning of discourse is observed so as the change does not affect or alter the meaning. In fact this change should provide meaning with clarity and variety. The same thing happens in the case of discourse deviations at the level of grammatical measurement, fronting, or ellipsis.

Talking about phonetic and semantic appropriateness in the study of grammatical issues does not mean enlarging the field of grammatical research so as it includes various aspects of the linguistic levels. This would lead to overlapping between different fields and losing any control over them. The real aim is detecting the coherence and cohesion existing between them since they are all of them related to the same field of research which language.